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# B. PHARM (SEM 1) THEORY EXAMINATION 2022-23 PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS-I

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 75

Note: Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

### **SECTION A**

## 1. Attempt *all* questions in brief.

 $10 \times 2 = 20$ 

- (a) Describe the term Molarity.
- (b) Differentiate between primary and secondary standard.
- (c) Explain the levelling and differentiating effect.
- (d) Describe aqueous and non-aqueous titration.
- (e) Illustrate the significance of modified Volhard's method.
- (f) KCl + AgNO<sub>3</sub> AgCl + KNO<sub>3</sub>, Predict the given example of reaction is related to which titration.
- (g) Define the term Indicator.
- (h) Define the terms oxidation and reduction.
- (i) Explain about standard and indicator electrode.
- (i) Discuss electrochemical methods of analysis.

### **SECTION B**

### 2. Attempt any two parts of the following:

 $2 \times 10 = 20$ 

- (a) Explain the various methods of expressing concentration in detail.
- (b) Classify acid base indicators. Explain the theory of indicators with suitable examples.
- (c) Discuss the detailed account of various steps involved in gravimetric analysis.

#### **SECTION C**

# 3. Attempt any *five* parts of the following:

 $7 \times 5 = 35$ 

- (a) Outline the various techniques of analysis used in pharmaceuticals.
- (b) Explain various neutralization curve of acid base titrations.
- (c) Describe a brief note on Mohr's method of precipitation titration.
- (d) Differentiate between Iodimetric and Iodometric titrations with suitable examples.
- (e) Classify different types of redox titrations. Discuss the principle of Dichrometry.
- (f) Discuss the principle, instrumentation, and applications of conductometry.
- (g) Illustrate the working of Dropping Mercury Electrode (DME).